



Configuration

Related products: S2928F, S3700 Series, S5612, S5800 Series, S8500 Series, S9500 Series

ELPS Configuration

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Chapter 1 ELPS Overview

1.1 Overview

If DHCP snooping is enabled in a VLAN, the DHCP packets which are received from all distrusted physical ports in a VLAN will be legally checked. The DHCP response packets which are received from distrusted physical ports in a VLAN will then be dropped, preventing the faked or mis-configured DHCP server from providing address distribution services. For the DHCP request packet from distrusted ports, if the hardware address field in the DHCP request packet does not match the MAC address of this packet, the DHCP request packet is then thought as a fake packet which is used as the attack packet for DHCP DOS and then the switch will drop it.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
ip dhcp-relay snooping vlan <i>vlan_id</i>	Enables DHCP-snooping in a VLAN.
no ip dhcp-snooping vlan <i>vlan_id</i>	Disables DHCP-snooping in a VLAN.

Setting an Interface to a DHCP-Trusting Interface

If an interface is set to be a DHCP-trusting interface, the DHCP packets received from this interface will not be checked.

Run the following commands in physical interface configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
dhcp snooping trust	Sets an interface to a DHCP-trusting interface.
no dhcp snooping trust	Resumes an interface to a DHCP-distrusted interface.

The interface is a distrusted interface by default.

Enabling DAI in a VLAN

When dynamic ARP monitoring is conducted in all physical ports of a VLAN, a received ARP packet will be rejected if the source MAC address and the source IP address of this packet do not match up with the configured MAC-IP binding relationship. The binding relationship on an interface can be dynamically bound by DHCP or configured manually. If no MAC addresses are bound to IP addresses on a physical interface, the switch rejects forwarding all ARP packets.

Command	Purpose
ip arp inspection vlan <i>vlanid</i>	Enables dynamic ARP monitoring on all distrusted ports in a VLAN.
no ip arp inspection vlan <i>vlanid</i>	Disables dynamic ARP monitoring on all distrusted ports in a VLAN.

Setting an Interface to an ARP-Trusting Interface

ARP monitoring is not enabled on those trusted interfaces. The interfaces are distrusted ones by default.

Run the following commands in interface configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
arp inspection trust	Sets an interface to an ARP-trusting interface.
no arp inspection trust	Resumes an interface to an ARP-distrusting interface.

Enabling Source IP Address Monitoring in a VLAN

After source IP address monitoring is enabled in a VLAN, IP packets received from all physical ports in the VLAN will be rejected if their source MAC addresses and source IP addresses do not match up with the configured MAC-to-IP binding relationship. The binding relationship on an interface can be dynamically bound by DHCP or configured manually. If no MAC addresses are bound to IP addresses on a physical interface, the switch rejects forwarding all IP packets received from the physical interface.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
ip verify source vlan <i>vlanid</i>	Enables source IP address checkup on all distrusted interfaces in a VLAN.
no ip verify source vlan <i>vlanid</i>	Disables source IP address checkup on all interfaces in a VLAN.

Note: If the DHCP packet (also the IP packet) is received, it will be forwarded because global snooping is configured.

Setting an Interface to the One Which is Trusted by IP Source Address Monitoring

Source address checkup is not enabled on an interface if the interface has a trusted source IP address.

Run the following commands in interface configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
ip-source trust	Sets an interface to the one with a trusted source IP address.
no ip-source trust	Resumes an interface to the one with a distrusted source IP address.

Configuring the TFTP Server for Backing up Interface Binding

After the switch configuration is rebooted, the previously-configured interface binding will be lost. In this case, there is no binding relationship on this interface. After source IP address monitoring is enabled, the switch rejected forwarding all IP packets. After the TFTP server is configured for interface binding backup, the binding relationship will be backed up to the server through the TFTP protocol. After the switch is restarted, the switch automatically downloads the binding list from the TFTP server, securing the normal running of the network.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
ip dhcp-relay snooping database-agent <i>ip-address</i>	Configures the IP address of the TFTP server which is to back up interface binding.
no ip dhcp-relay snooping database-agent	Cancels the TFTP Server for backing up interface binding.

Configuring a File Name for Interface Binding Backup

When backing up the interface binding relationship, the corresponding file name will be saved on the TFTP server. In this way, different switches can back up their own interface binding relationships to the same TFTP server.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
ip dhcp-relay snooping db-file <i>name</i>	Configures a file name for interface binding backup.
no ip dhcp-relay snooping db-file	Cancels a file name for interface binding backup.

Configuring the Interval for Checking Interface Binding Backup

The MAC-to-IP binding relationship on an interface changes dynamically. Hence, you need check whether the binding relationship updates after a certain interval. If the binding relationship updates, it need be backed up again. The default interval is 30 minutes.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
<code>ip dhcp-relay snooping write <i>num</i></code>	Configures the interval for checking interface binding backup.
<code>no ip dhcp-relay snooping write</code>	Resumes the interval of checking interface binding backup to the default settings.

Configuring Interface Binding Manually

If a host does not obtain the address through DHCP, you can add the binding item on an interface of a switch to enable the host to access the network. You can run **no ip source binding MAC IP** to delete items from the corresponding binding list.

Note that the manually-configured binding items have higher priority than the dynamically-configured binding items. If the manually-configured binding item and the dynamically-configured binding item have the same MAC address, the manually-configured one updates the dynamically-configured one. The interface binding item takes the MAC address as the unique index.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
<code>ip source binding <i>MAC IP</i> interface <i>name</i></code>	Configures interface binding manually.
<code>no ip source binding <i>MAC IP</i></code>	Cancels an interface binding item.

L2 Switch Forwarding DHCP Packets

The following command can be used to forward the DHCP packets to the designated DHCP server to realize DHCP relay. The negative form of this command can be used to shut down DHCP relay.

Note: This command can only be used to enable DHCP relay on L2 switches, while on L3 switches, DHCP relay is realized by the DHCP server.

Run the following commands in global configuration mode.

Command	Purpose
<code>ip dhcp-relay agent</code>	Enables DHCP relay.
<code>ip dhcp-relay helper-address <i>address</i> vlan <i>vlan-id</i></code>	Configures the destination address and VLAN of the relay.

Monitoring and Maintaining DHCP-Snooping

Run the following commands in EXEC mode:

Command	Purpose
show ip dhcp-relay snooping	Displays the information about DHCP-snooping configuration.
show ip dhcp-relay snooping binding	Displays the effective address binding items on an interface.
show ip dhcp-relay snooping binding all	Displays all binding items which are generated by DHCP snooping.
[no] debug ip dhcp-relay [snooping binding event]	Enables or disables the switch of DHCP relay snooping.

The following shows the information about the DHCP snooping configuration:

```
switch#show ip dhcp-relay snooping
ip dhcp-relay snooping vlan 3
ip arp inspection vlan 3
DHCP Snooping trust interface:
FastEthernet0/1
ARP Inspect interface:
FastEthernet0/11
```

The following shows the binding information about dhcp-relay snooping:

```
switch#show ip dhcp-relay snooping binding
Hardware Address    IP Address    remainder time Type          VLAN    interface
00-e0-0f-26-23-89  192.2.2.101   86400         DHCP_SN      3       FastEthernet0/3
```

The following shows all binding information about dhcp-relay snooping:

```
switch#show ip dhcp-relay snooping binding all
Hardware Address    IP Address    remainder time Type          VLAN    interface
00-e0-0f-32-1c-59  192.2.2.1     infinite      MANUAL       1       FastEthernet0/2
00-e0-0f-26-23-89  192.2.2.101   86400         DHCP_SN      3       FastEthernet0/3
```

The following shows the information about dhcp-relay snooping.

```
switch#debug ip DHCP-snooping packet
DHCP: receive I2 packet from vlan 3, diID: 3
DHCP: DHCP packet len 277
DHCP: add binding on interface FastEthernet0/3
```



```
DHCPR: send packet continue
DHCPR: receive l2 packet from vlan 3, diID: 1
DHCPR: DHCP packet len 300
DHCPR: send packet continue
DHCPR: receive l2 packet from vlan 3, diID: 3
DHCPR: DHCP packet len 289
DHCPR: send packet continue
DHCPR: receive l2 packet from vlan 3, diID: 1
DHCPR: DHCP packet len 300
DHCPR: update binding on interface FastEthernet0/3
DHCPR: IP address: 192.2.2.101, lease time 86400 seconds
      DHCPR: send packet continue
```